Graduate School Guide: Business Majors

Graduate school is a great way to continue your education and sharpen your skills that will make you a more marketable employee. Some questions to ask yourself:

What am I looking for in a graduate program? Should I enroll full-time or part-time? Geographic location? Online? Large population vs. small population? How much is it going to cost? What type of learning experience do I want to have- lecture style vs. interactive vs. practicum?

The process can be challenging, but here are some tips to help guide you:

- Check out gradschools.com. This free, online resource, which can be found through the Resources tab on career.nichols.edu, will allow you to browse by major, location, and category and determine some institutions that are tailored to what you're looking for.
- Some programs require an entry exam, such as the Graduate Record Examination (GRE),
 Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT), Law School Admission Test (LSAT). The
 CPDC has materials for you in the Lending Library to practice with.
 - Some programs will waive the entry exam depending on your final GPA.
- A personal statement/a statement of purpose is often required as part of your admissions packet.
 - A personal statement highlights significant events, characteristics, and facts about you that don't appear on your application. Purdue University is a strong resource to help navigate you through writing your personal statement/statement of purpose (owl.english.purdue.edu).
- Fellowships/Graduate Assistantships- these terms are interchangeable. They're essentially
 opportunities working within your field that allow you to gain real world experience while
 being able to apply theory to practice.
 - Some institutions provide financial assistance for these positions, whether it be tuition reduction, housing, food plan, payment, etc.
- Research any scholarships that are applicable to you to reduce cost.
- Many applications have a cost affiliated with them, so be prepared to pay.
- Ask questions!
 - Call admissions to the institution you're applying to, they know the school the best
 - Chat with faculty members in your program. They'll have great advice, and perhaps some connections.

Graduate School Guide: Liberal Arts Majors

Graduate school is a great way to continue your education and sharpen your skills that will make you a more marketable employee. Some questions to ask yourself:

What am I looking for in a graduate program? Should I enroll full-time or part-time? Geographic location? Online? Large population vs. small population? How much is it going to cost? What type of learning experience do I want to have- lecture style vs. interactive vs. practicum?

The process can be challenging, but here are some tips to help guide you:

- Check out gradschools.com. This free, online resource, which can be found through the Resources tab on career.nichols.edu, will allow you to browse by major, location, and category and determine some institutions that are tailored to what you're looking for.
- Every program at every institution varies- be sure to read the graduate admissions requirements to its entirety.
 - Some programs may require a writing sample, English demonstration, artwork, an entry exam, project, etc.
- A personal statement/a statement of purpose is often required as part of your admissions packet.
 - A personal statement highlights significant events, characteristics, and facts about you that don't appear on your application. Purdue University is a strong resource to help navigate you through writing your personal statement/statement of purpose (owl.english.purdue.edu).
- Fellowships/Graduate Assistantships- these terms are interchangeable. They're essentially
 opportunities working within your field that allow you to gain real world experience while
 being able to apply theory to practice.
 - Some institutions provide financial assistance for these positions, whether it be tuition reduction, housing, food plan, payment, etc.
- Research any scholarships that are applicable to you to reduce cost.
- Many applications have a cost affiliated with them, so be prepared to pay.
- Ask questions!
 - Call admissions to the institution you're applying to, they know the school the best
 - Chat with faculty members in your program. They'll have great advice, and perhaps some connections.